# **Mexico Economics - View from the Top**

- We expect +0.3% m/m in July's industrial production, while we are watching headwinds for the auto sector in the short-term
- Week with few publications, only including ANTAD sales

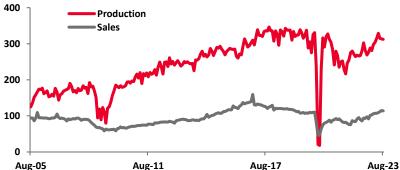
We expect some resilience in July's industrial production. We anticipate +0.3% m/m (4.6% y/y). This would be its fifth month of expansion, constituting a relevant driver —though not the most important— of the positive surprises in this year's economic growth. In turn, it would happen despite the weakening of goods' consumption relative to services in the US (our main trading partner) since at least the end of 2021. As such, we remain cautious about dynamism going forward given the heterogeneity seen among the different sectors. Similarly, leading indicators such as business confidence and aggregate trends show high volatility, suggesting that producers think the outlook remains uncertain.

Manufacturing strong despite a global slowdown... We expect them to grow 0.5% m/m (1.1% y/y). In our view, they have been affected by the global demand slowdown for goods. Along with an improvement in supply chains, this has provided some relief to inflationary pressures. Peso strength against the dollar has also played a role here, but on the negative side, it may also have been a headwind for competitiveness. Tentative evidence of this includes the relative strength of imported goods' consumption and imports.

...with risks to the auto sector, although it maintains a promising outlook. Autos remain strong. In the short term, we are closely following the evolution of negotiations between the autoworkers' union and US automakers, given the high degree of integration of North American value chains. A work stoppage would be a new challenge. In our country we have already had some negative news, highlighting stoppages in some VW production lines at the end of August. On the other hand, the arrival of new brands to Mexico —especially from China, in the context of nearshoring— amid domestic demand strength has boosted sales. According to AMDA's president Guillermo Rosales, light vehicle sales in the first eight months of the year exceeded those made during the same period of 2019 by 0.4%; in August alone, they grew 24% y/y. We continue to have news of plant expansions and plans for new investments, which will initially help construction, and later, production. In this context, auto production and exports in August grew 2.8% and 15.7% y/y, respectively.

#### Auto production and sales

Thousand units, seasonally adjusted figures



Source: Banorte with data from INEGI

### September 8, 2023



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Winners of the 2023 award for best Mexico economic forecasters, granted by *Focus Economics* 



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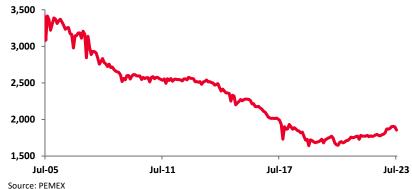


Construction would string three months of gains, up 0.1% m/m (+21.4% y/y). The sector has benefited from: (1) Government spending on key infrastructure projects; and (2) interest in industrial spaces. However, the residential branch has been held back by high interest rates and elevated input prices, although the latter seem to have resumed their downward trend. Despite this, strength in other areas has been notable, revitalizing after years of moderate spending. On the first point, the proposed budget for 2024, which had not been published at the time this publication closed, will probably include higher spending to accelerate works on priority projects –focused on the Mayan Train, as well as the Dos Bocas refinery, and the Transisthmus corridor— to finish them before the presidential term ends.

On the contrary, in mining we see a correction of -1.1% m/m (+1.5% y/y), dragged by the oil sector. At the beginning of the month, Pemex's Nohoch-Alfa platform in the coast of Campeche suffered a fire. As a result, average daily production in the month dipped by 43 thousand barrels per day (about 2.3% of the total), according to the company. The non-oil sector could remain more subdued, with some pessimism about China's growth still weighing. Recent stimulus measures in said country have improved the outlook –boosting commodity prices—which could encourage producers. Nevertheless, caution is likely as skepticism prevails about a possible Chinese rebound, the world's leading consumer of industrial commodities.

#### Oil production

Thousand barrels per day (includes condensates)



#### Despite resilience in some industrial sectors, services will remain as the main support of GDP.

We believe that the gap between sectors within industry could exacerbate. Those related to the domestic economy —mainly construction, but also some branches of manufacturing—would remain stronger relative to those heavily dependent on external demand. Although we continue to expect US resilience, we believe dynamism will be centered on services, with industrial activity moderating.

## Calendar of economic events

Date	Time (ET)	Indicator	Period	Unit	Banorte	Consensus	Previous
Mon 11-Sep	8:00am	Industrial production	July	% y/y	<u>4.5</u>	3.7	4.9
		Industrial production*		% m/m	0.3		0.7
		Mining*		% m/m	<u>-1.1</u>		-0.4
		Utilities*		% m/m	<u>2.5</u>		-1.8
		Construction*		% m/m	0.1		3.0
		Manufacturing*		% m/m	0.5		0.6
Mon 11-Sep	11:00am	MoF's conference call with analysts regarding the 2024 Budg	et Proposal				
Mon 11-Sep		ANTAD: Same-store sales	August	% y/y in real terms			1.4
Tue 12-Sep	11:00am	International reserves	Sep-8	US\$ billion			204.2
Tue 12-Sep	Sep 11:00pm Government weekly auction: 1-, 3-, 6-, and 24-month Cetes; 3-year Mbono (Sep'26); 3-year Udibono (Dec'26) and 1-, and 3-year Bondes F				nd 3-year		

<sup>\*</sup>Seasonally adjusted figures; Source: Banorte with figures from INEGI, Banxico, and Bloomberg



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